



TRI ALPHA ENERGY
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自主創造
日本大学

NIHON UNIVERSITY

Compact Toroid Injection into C-2U FRC

US-Japan CT2016, August 24

Tadafumi Matsumoto
Nihon University

Collaborations



**Nihon
University**

- Integral partnership
- Development of a compact toroid injector for particle refueling

- This project has been conducted in part under the MOU on the research cooperation between UCI and NU.

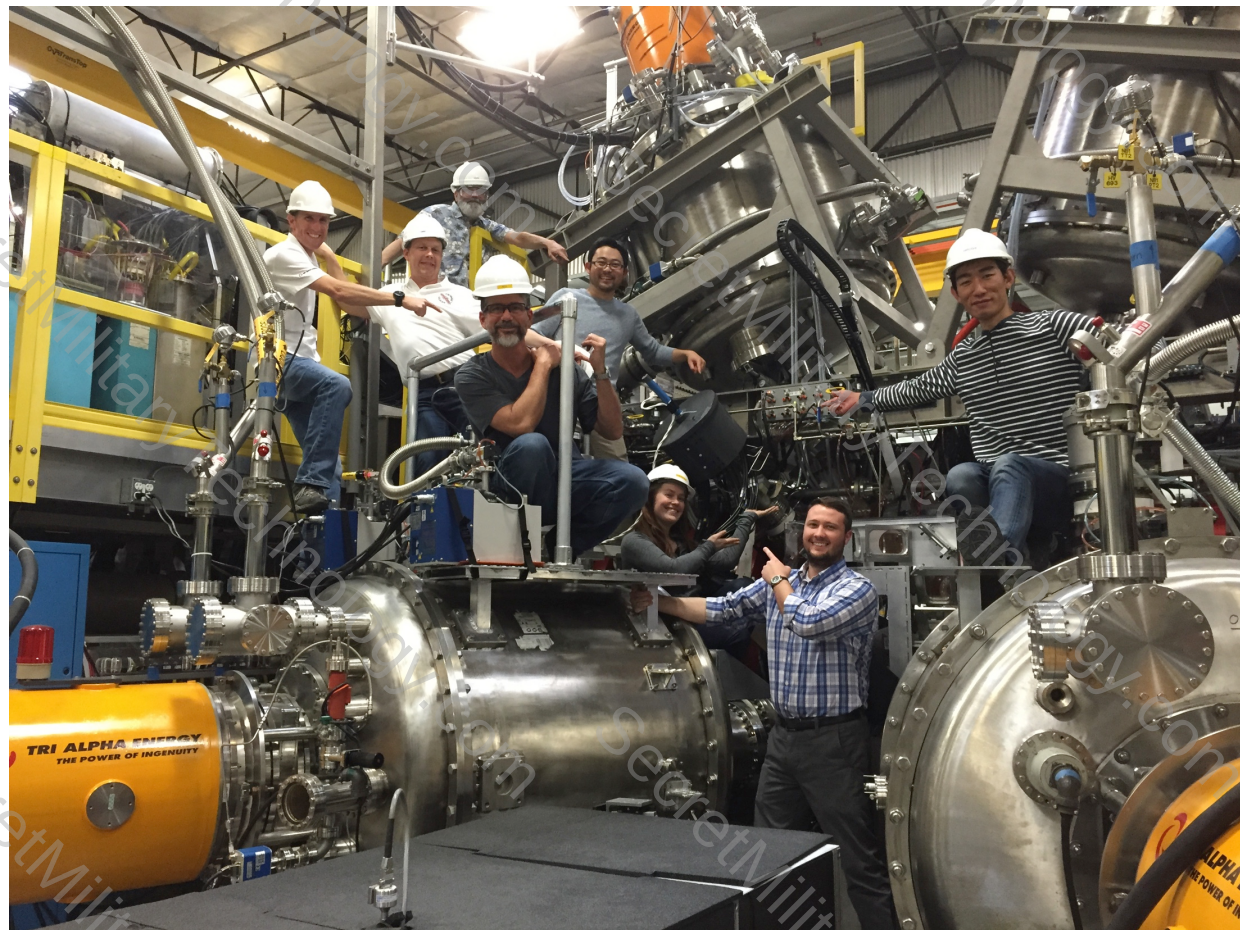


**Tri Alpha
Energy**

**University of
California at
Irvine**



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*Nihon
University

*UCI

Outline

- **Motivation**
- **CT Injector Overview**
- **CT injection into C-2U FRC**
- **Upgrade**
- **Summary**

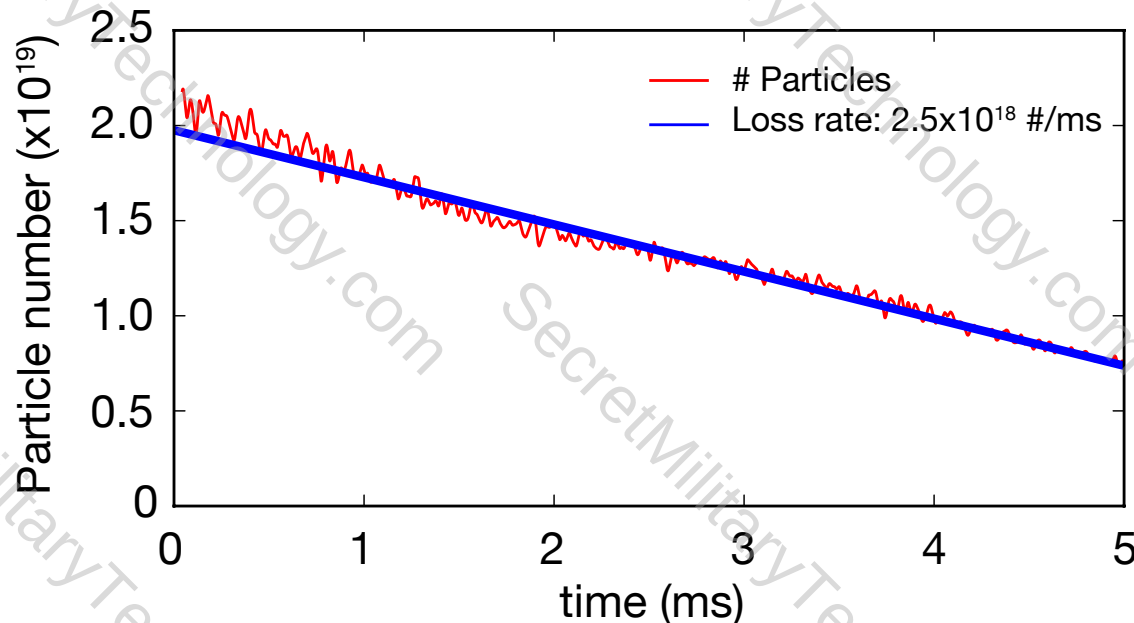
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Motivation

Requirement for CT Injection

- In C-2U particle loss rate was $2.0 - 4.0 \times 10^{18} / \text{ms}$
- To penetrate the FRC, the **kinetic energy density of the CT must be higher than 4 kJ/m^3** , which is magnetic field energy inside the confinement vessel, e.g., density of CT $1 \times 10^{15} \text{ cm}^{-3}$, velocity 70 km/s
- The CT Injector is a viable refueling candidate

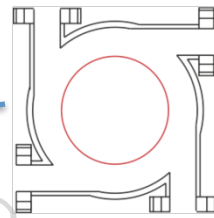
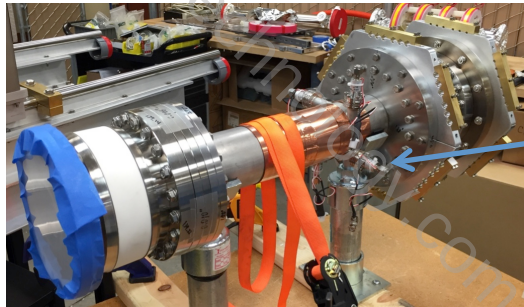


Time evolution of particle loss rate of the C-2U FRC

Outline

- Motivation
- **CT Injector Overview**
 - **Developed CT injector**
 - **Test Stand**
 - **CT Parameters**
- CT injection into C-2U FRC
- Upgrade
- Summary

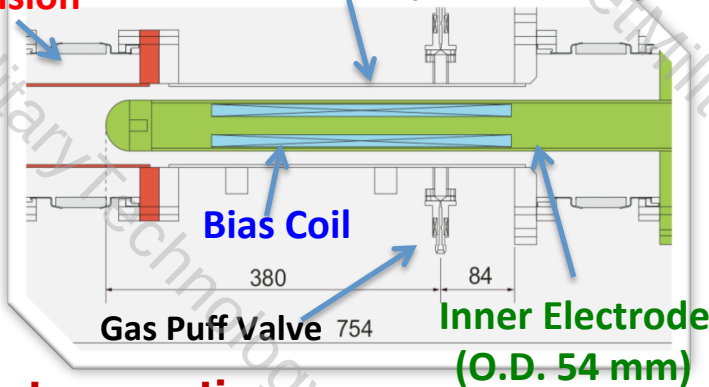
Magnetized Coaxial Plasma Gun



Gas port

Extension

Outer Electrode (I.D 83.1 mm)



Bias Coil

Gas Puff Valve

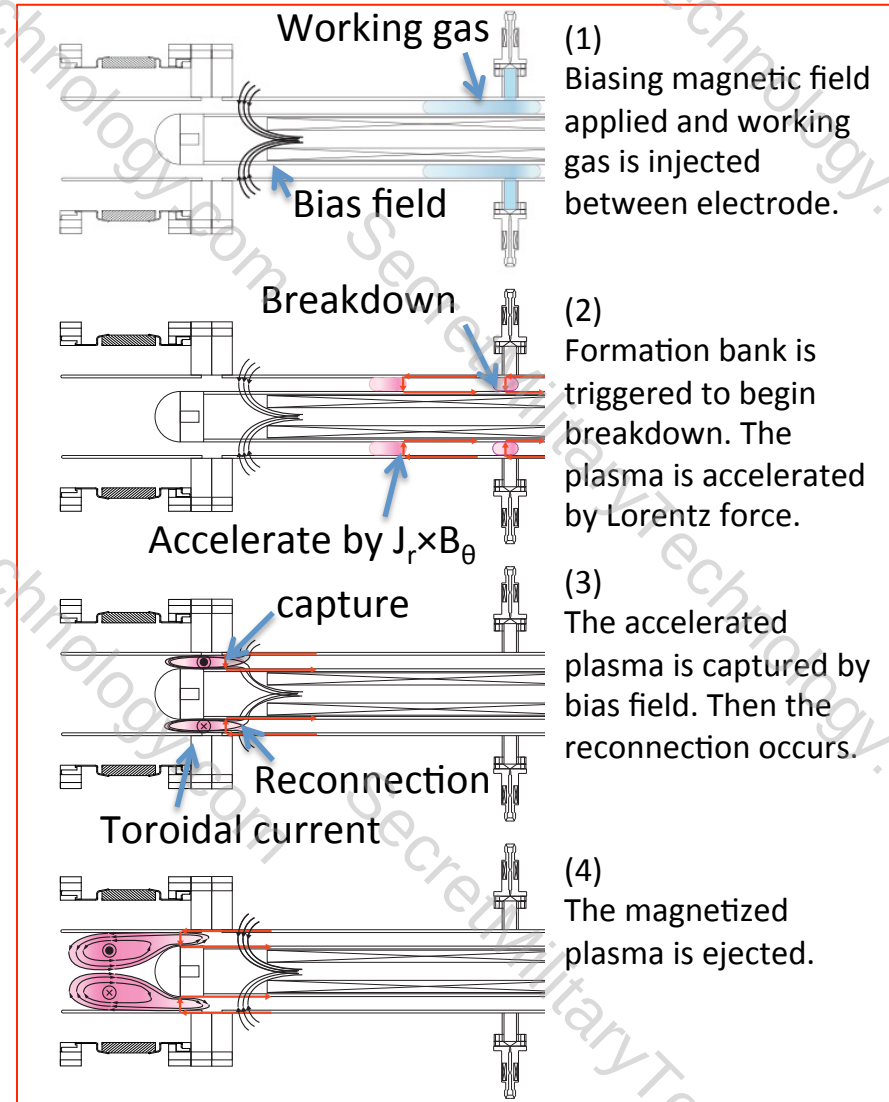
Inner Electrode
(O.D. 54 mm)

Tungsten coating

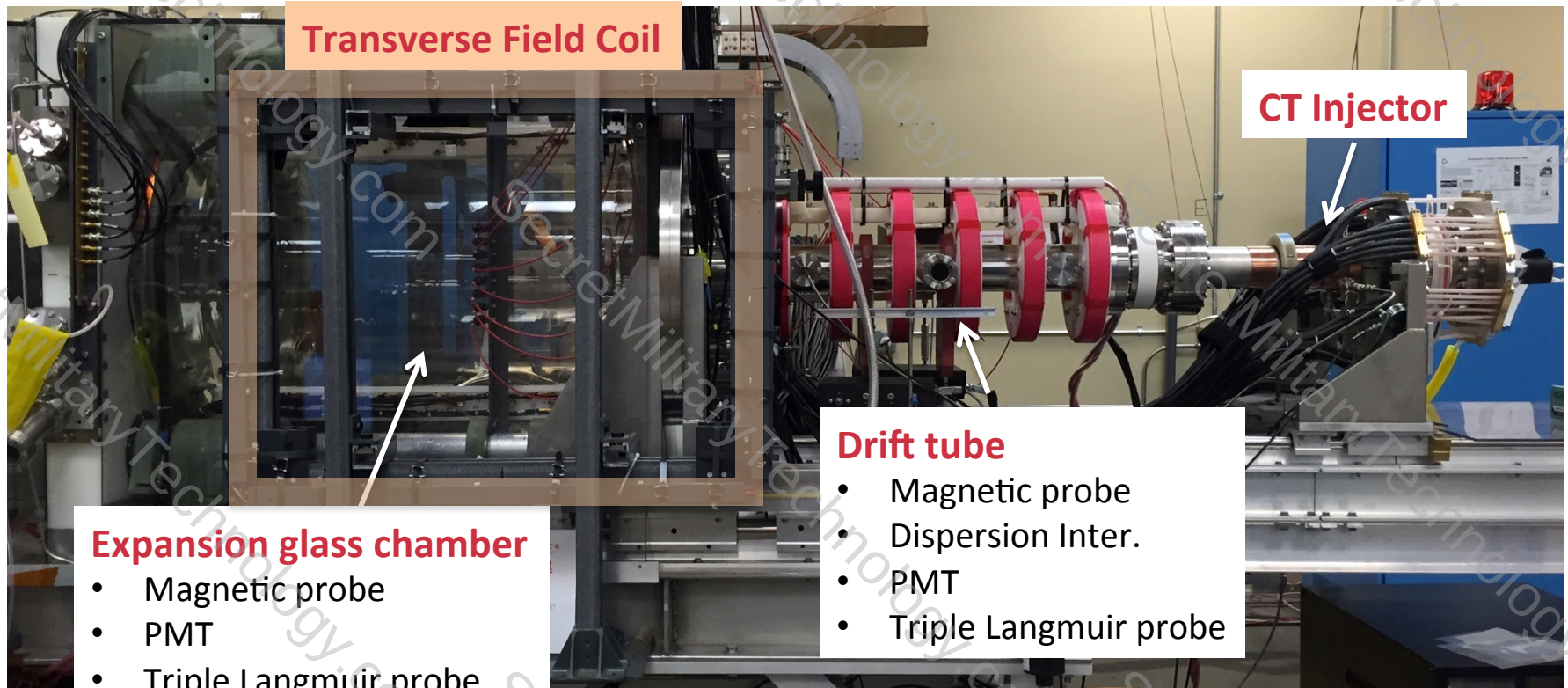
- The surface of the inner electrode is coated with tungsten by Vacuum Plasma Spraying

Extension electrode

- The roles of the extension electrode are; protect ceramic break from the plasma, and suppress diffusion of the magnetic field.



Test Bed with Transverse magnetic field coil



Drift tube

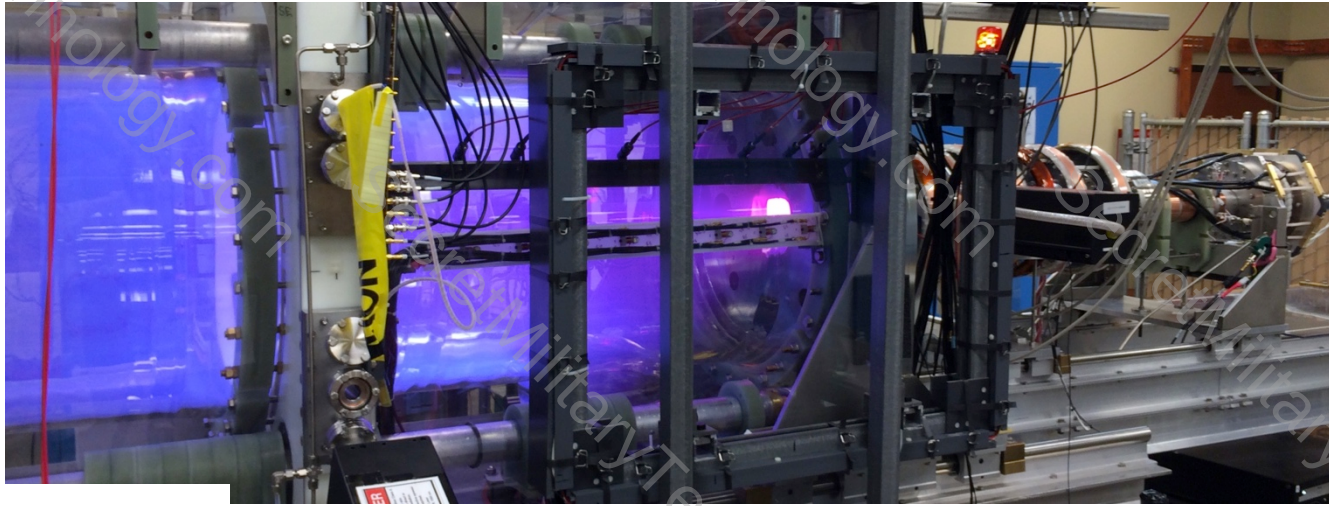
- The drift tube diagnostics measure typical CT parameters; velocity, density, and temperature.

Glass chamber

- The transverse magnetic field coil simulates C-2U's magnetic field.

CT was compressed by magnetic field

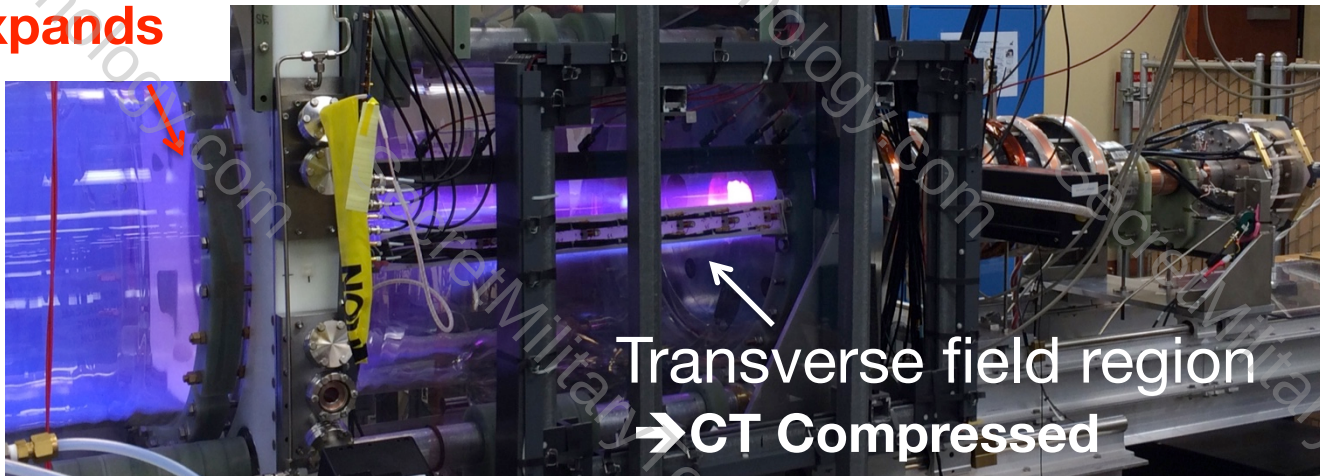
w/o Transverse field



Field-free region

→ CT Expands

w/ Transverse field



Transverse field region

→ CT Compressed

Summary of CT Optimization

CT Performance

- Required parameters $>70 \text{ km/s}, 1.0 \times 10^{15} \text{ cm}^{-3}$
- Gun current up to 190 kA
- Total energy of CT up to 0.7 kJ
- Velocity $>100 \text{ km/s}$
- Density $1.5 - 3.5 \times 10^{15} \text{ cm}^{-3}$
- Electron temperature 20 - 40 eV
- Energy Density 50 kJ/m^3

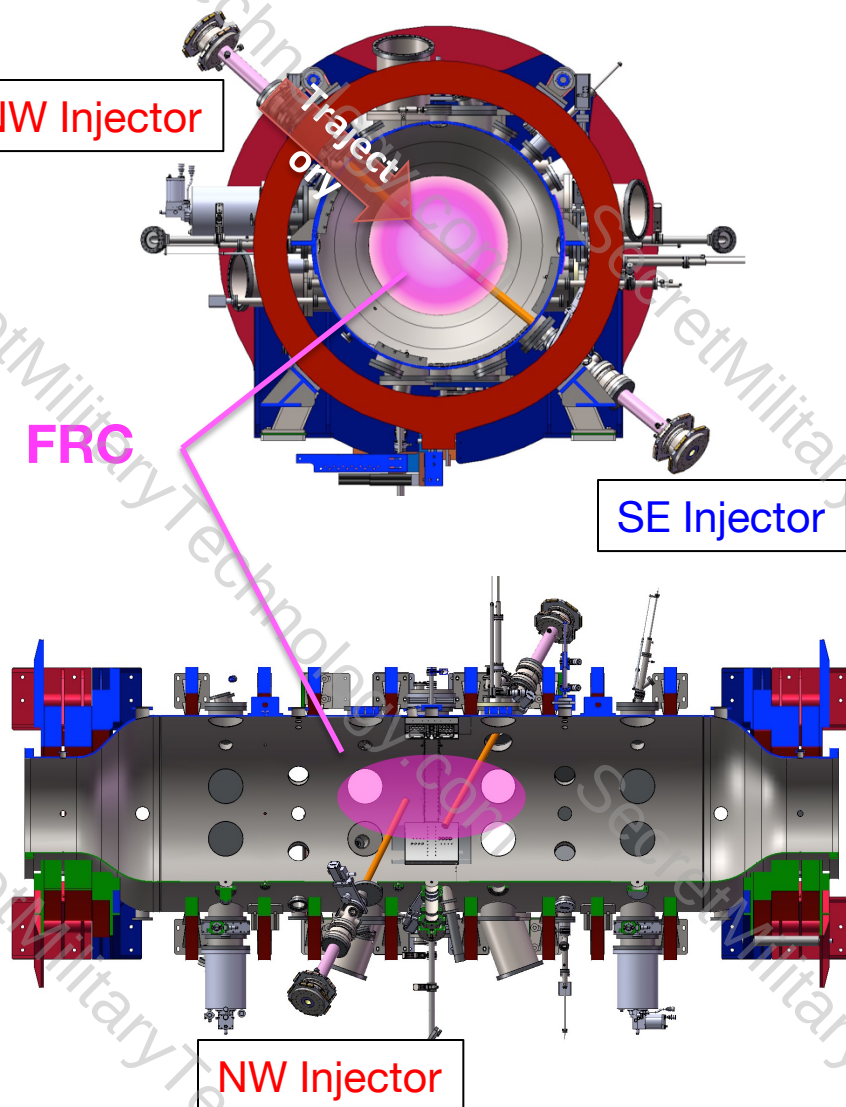
CT Injection across transverse field

- Developed CT injector achieved the requirement
- CT will penetrate C-2U Field
- Diameter of CT in the transverse field is 5-10 cm according to probe measurements

Outline

- Motivation
- CT Injector Overview
- **CT injection into C-2U FRC**
 - Installation of CTI
 - **Single CT injection** ————— **1 CT**
 - **Multi-Pulse CT injection** ————— **Up to 3 CTs**
- Upgrade
- Summary

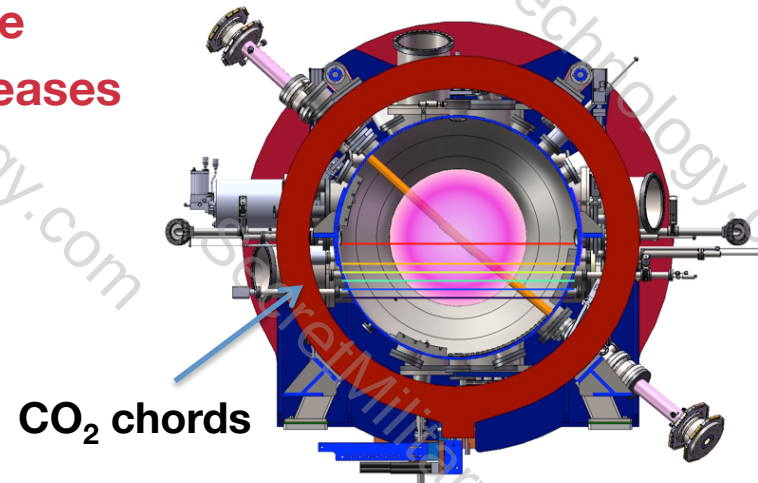
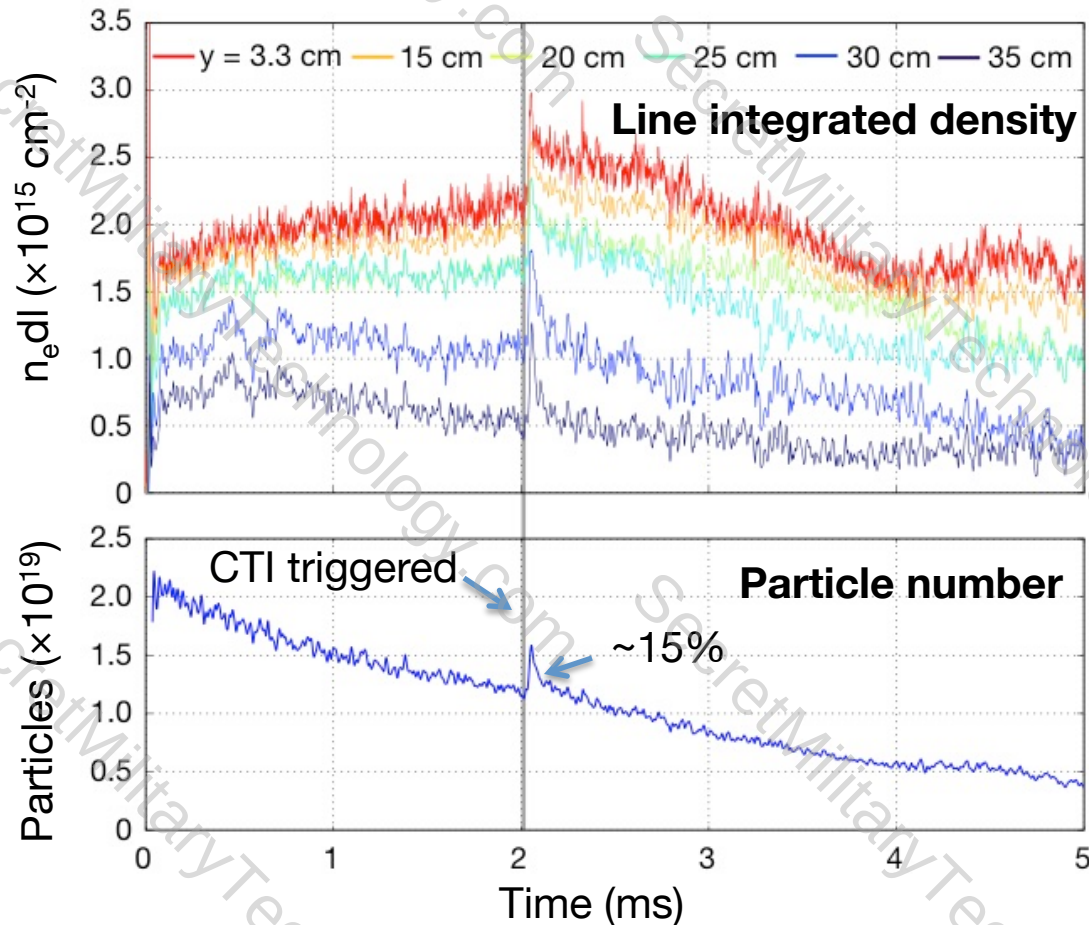
CT injectors installed on C-2U



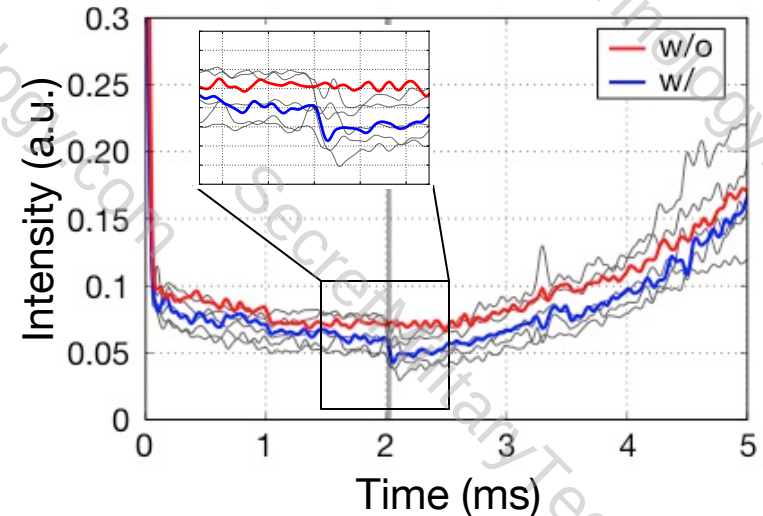
- The CT injectors were installed on the confinement vessel.
- Angles
 - **NW CTI**
From mid-plane 26.1 deg
From Vertical 42 deg
 - **SE CTI**
From mid-plane 29 deg
From Vertical 39.3 deg
- These injectors can be controlled independently.

Single CT pulse increased density/particles

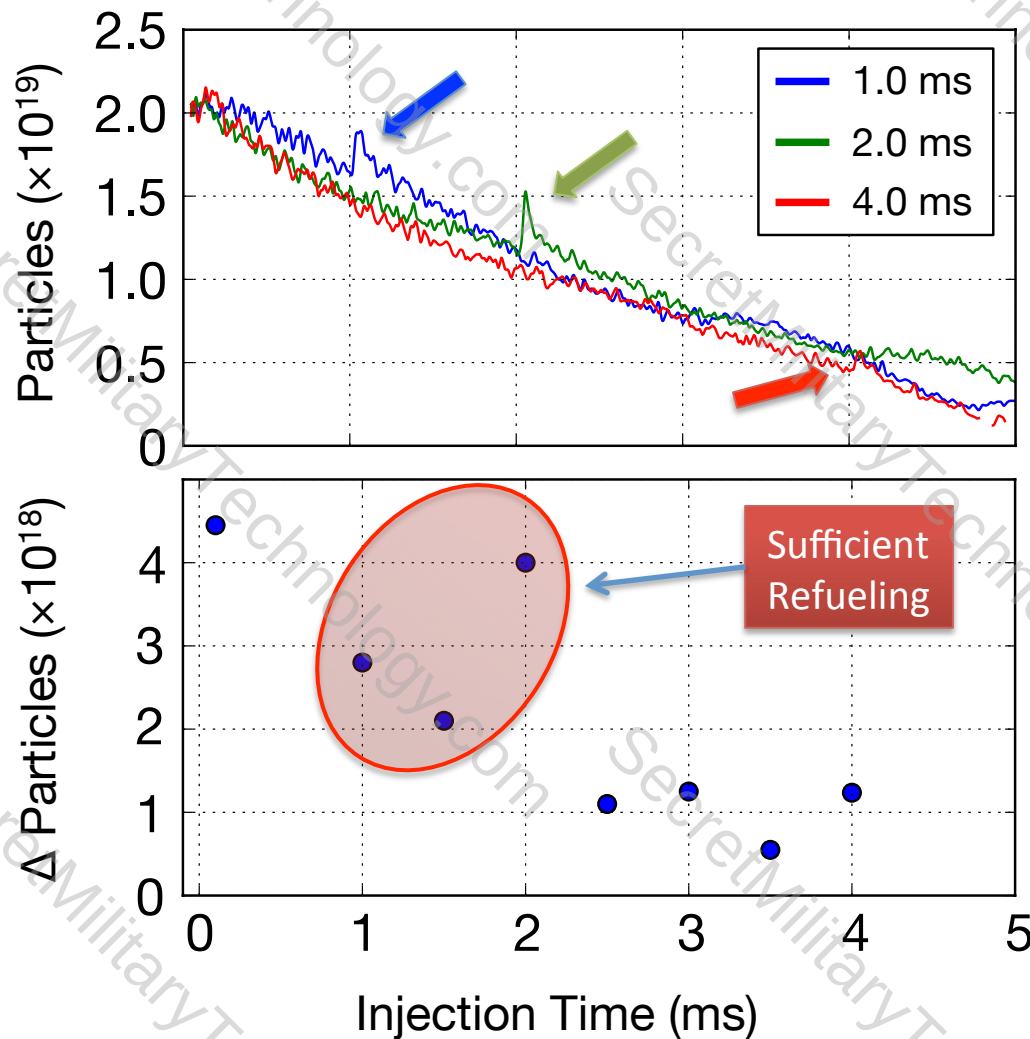
- Interferometry verifies mid-plane **density increase**
- Pressure balance confirms **particle number increases**
- Shine-through **reduced** when CT injected



Shine-Through Detection via Secondary Electron Emission (NB1-5, gray lines)



Particle number increased by CT injection



- CTs Injected at various times
- Initial rise particle inventory as high as **40%**
- Original loss rate resumes with higher offset
- Total particles added seems to depend on injection time
- Probably due to larger target
- For these conditions $\sim$ **2ms** was **optimal time for injection**

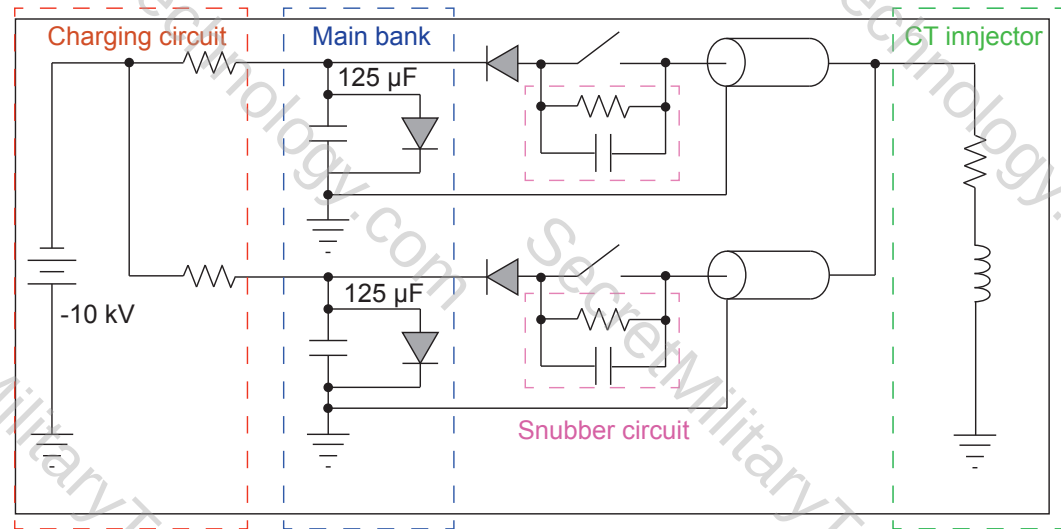
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 - **Development of Multi-pulse injection system**
- Upgrade
- Conclusion

Multi-pulse system and Fast Camera

Multi-Pulse:

- Main Bank of 125 μF with 10 kV
- Multi-pulse at ≤ 1 kHz
- Diodes as crowbar and blocking element



Fast-framing Camera (NAC Image Technology):

- Up to **1.25 MILLION** frames/sec for 120 frames
- 100 ns minimum exposure time
- 360 $\times$ 410 pixel color sensor
- 10-bit, 58 μm pixels
- Nikon lens mount



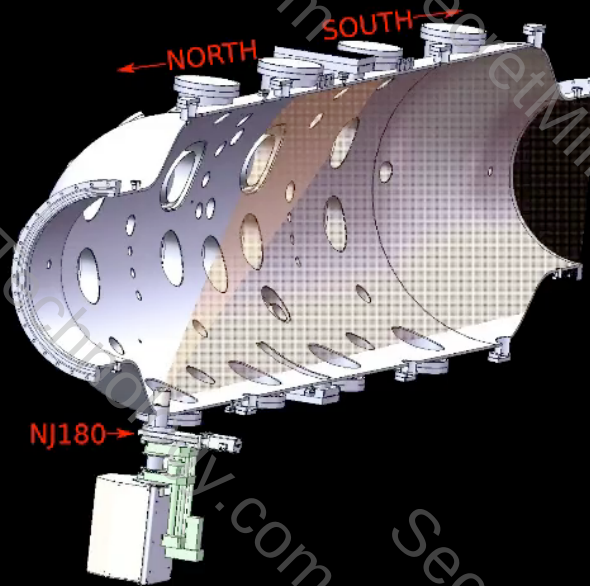
High speed imaging of 2 CTs at the Test-Stand

**Multi-Pulsed CT Injections
at the Test-Stand:
CTIs at $t=0$ and 3.5 ms**

1st Awesome Video on the C-2U

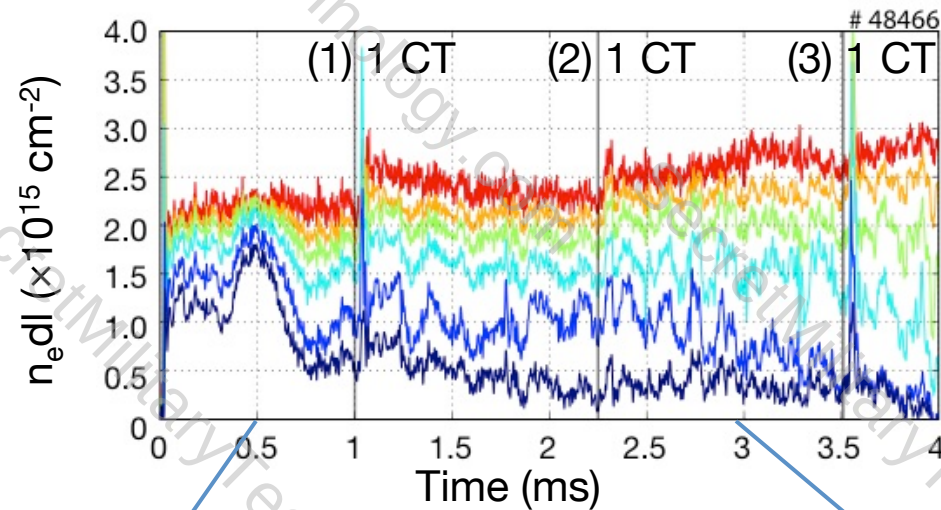
Shot 48786 DCA08

Camera: NAC HS-106E
FOV: 30° H × 30° V
Filter: Blank
Resolution: 412 × 360
Frame Rate: 500.000 kHz
Exposure: 1.9 μ s
Port: NJ180
(x,y,z): (0.0,-0.7,2.1) m

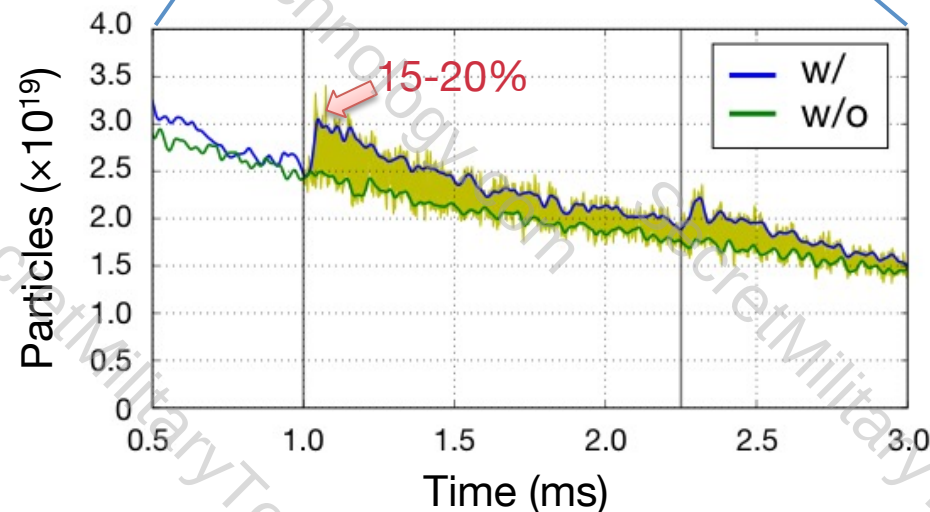
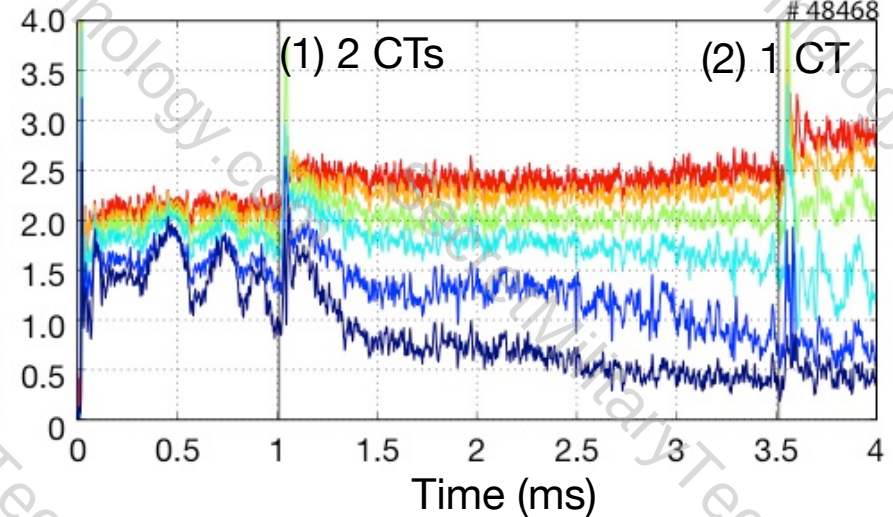


CTs add a lot of particles

(1) SE CT, (2) NW CT, (3) SE CT



(1) SE + NW CT, (2) SE CT



- First 2 CTs increase particle inventory
- The increased density was 10-20%
- 3rd CT alters/kills FRC
- Particle loss rate reduced by first CT
- FRC begins to decline after 2nd CT

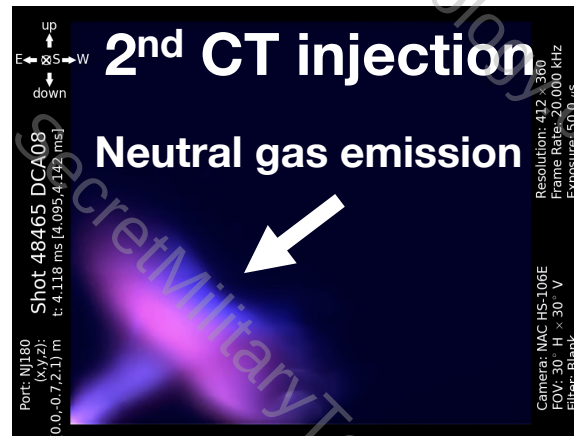
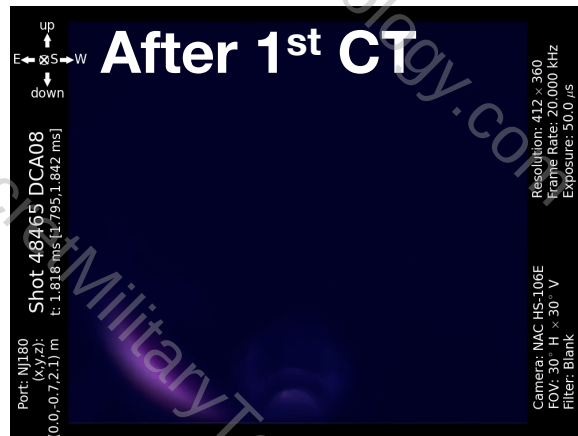
D α emission was increased after CT injection

Fast Camera Images

- Exposure 50 μ s
- Filter Blank



- First CT leaves a trail of neutral particles
- This can be seen interacting with edge plasma
- When 2nd CT enters it collides with cloud

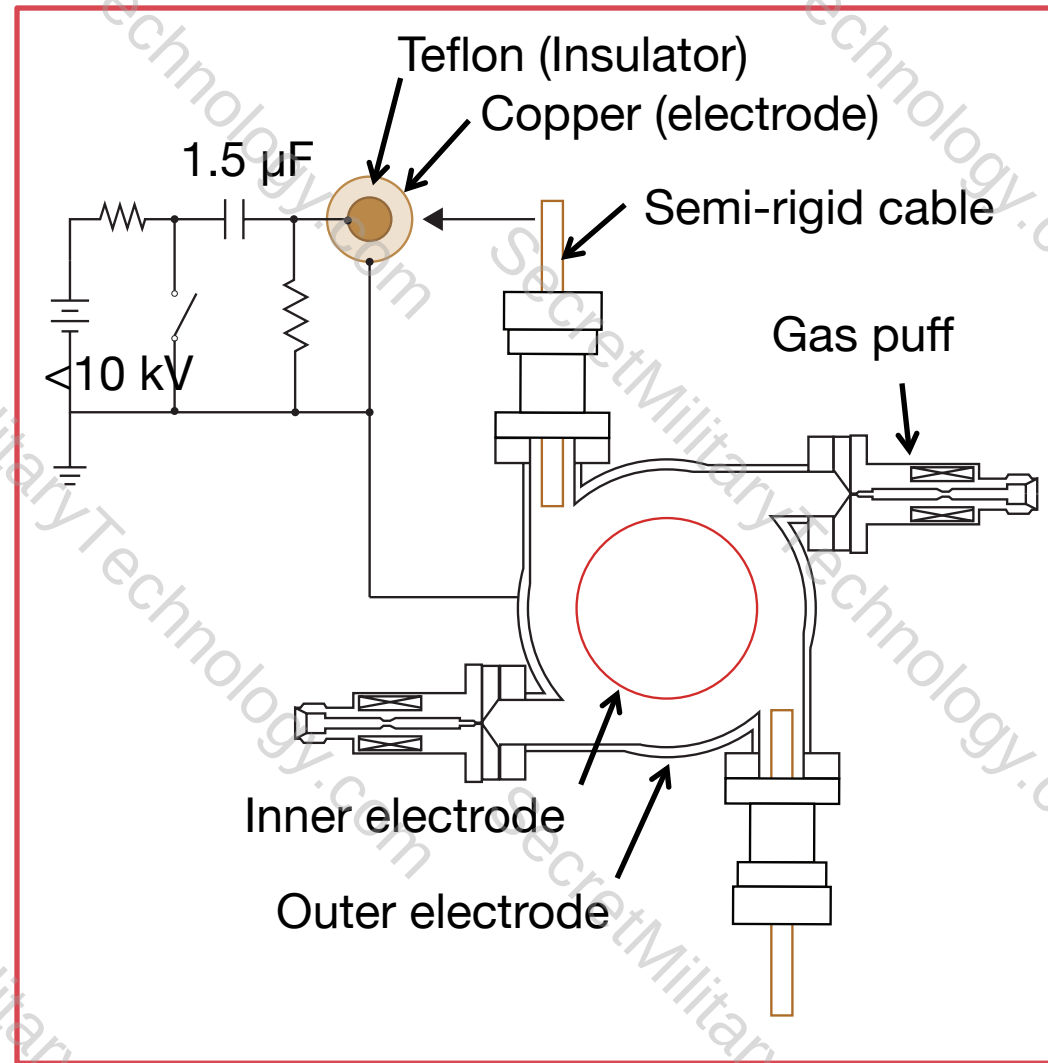
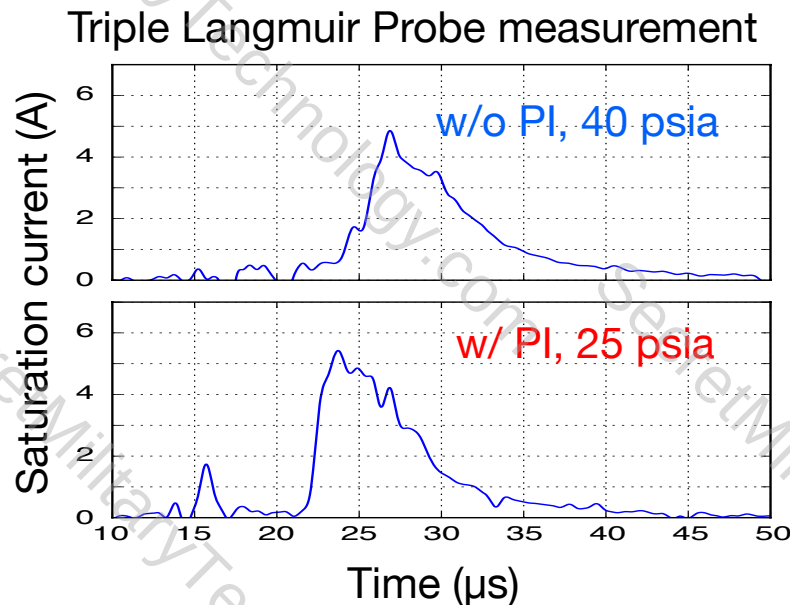
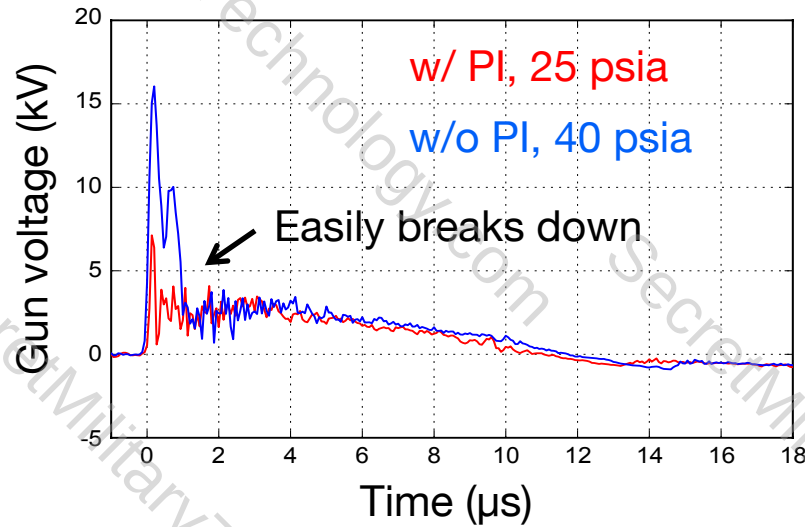


PI system is important to reduce trailing neutral gas

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- **Upgrade**
 - **Development of a Pre-ionization source**
- Summary

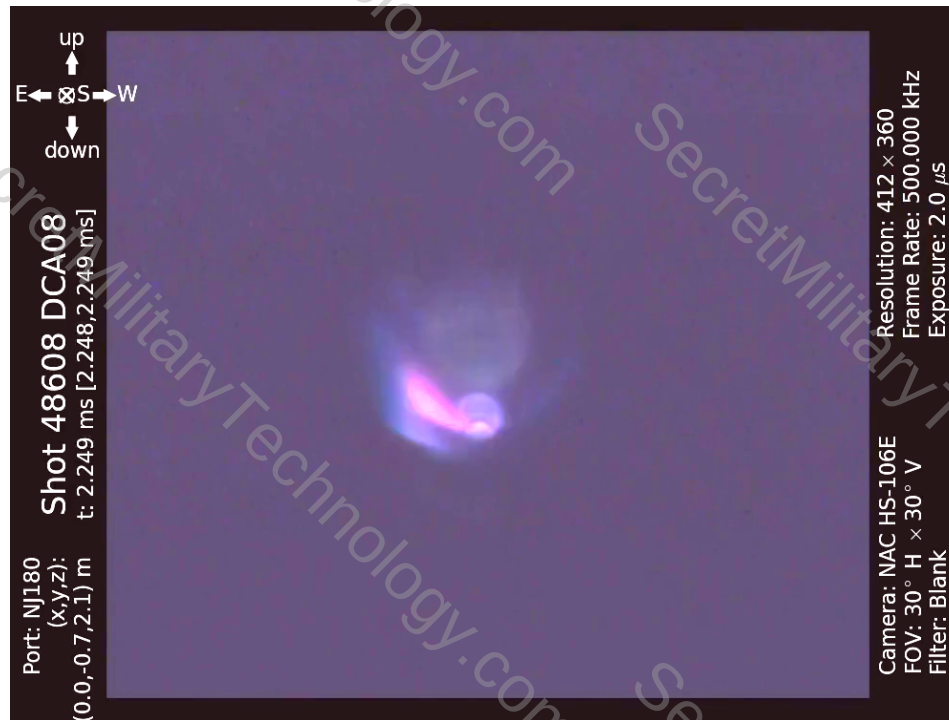
Pre-Ionization system has been developed



Schematic diagram of Pre-Ionization system

PI reduces trailing neutral gas

No PI



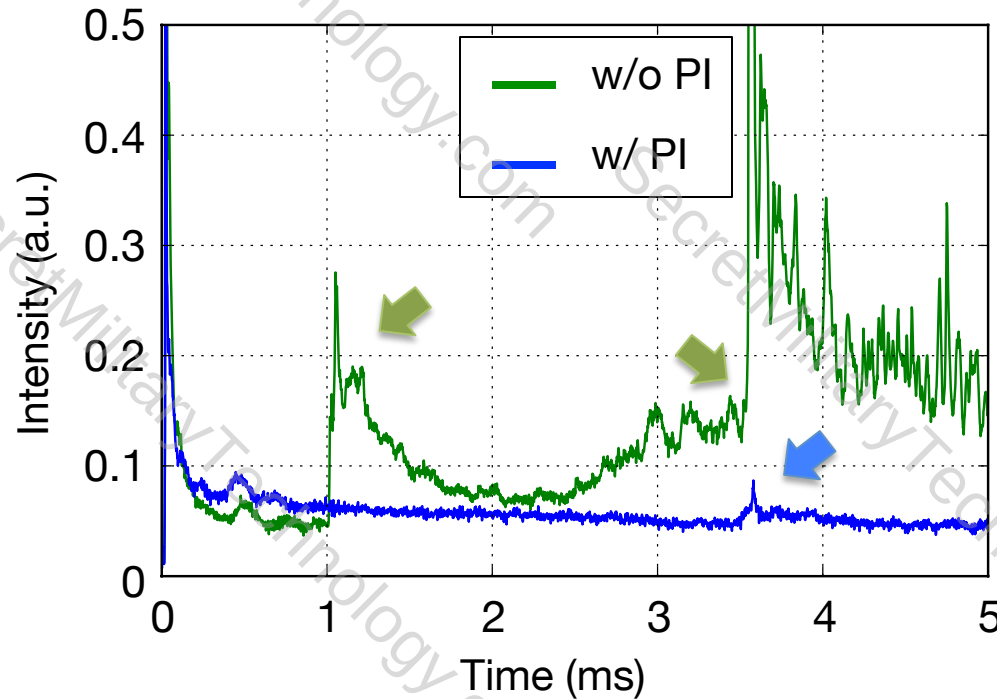
With PI



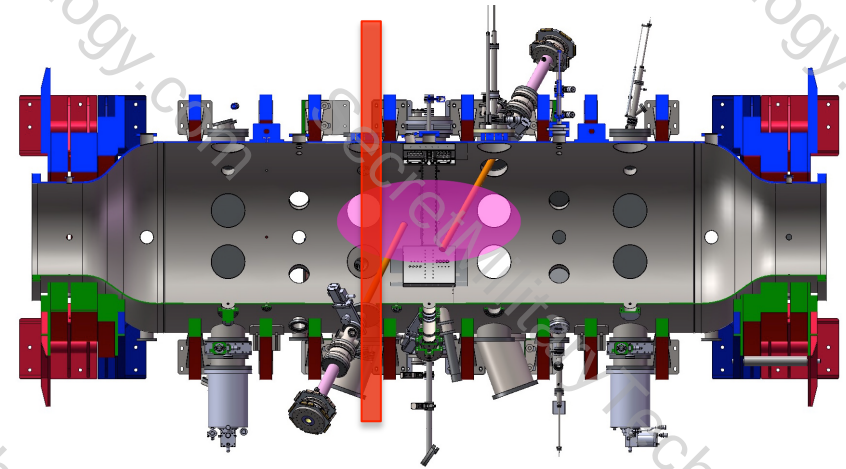
- Neutral gas follows CT
- Interacts with plasma
- PI eliminates gas trail
- Edge undisturbed

Neutral gas load removed with PI

D α emission w/ and w/o Pre-Ionization



C plane



- D α emission at C plane **minimized**
- No burst of light when 2nd CT is injected
-> Bulk of **trailing neutral gas avoided**

Summary

- The CTI program has advanced quickly
- Incremental addition of pulses
 - Refueling from each pulse
 - D α emission after pulse
- Several developmental cycles have led to
 - Multi-pulsed system
 - Reduction of neutral gas by Pre-ionization system
- Full refueling capabilities for C-2W currently in development